

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method for determining a with-distance relationship between a first geometry object and a second geometry object, the method comprising:

receiving a query; and

providing the query to a first filter configured to:

defining ~~define~~ an exterior approximation of the first geometry and the second geometry;

computing ~~compute~~ a distance between the exterior approximations; ~~and~~

comparing ~~compare~~ the ~~computer~~ computed distance with a first predetermined distance to determine whether the second geometry satisfies a first filter condition with respect to the first geometry, and

if the first filter condition is satisfied, providing the second geometry to a query result set,

otherwise, providing the first geometry and the second geometry to a second filter configured to perform processing on the first geometry and the second geometry.

2. (currently amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising:

the first filter further configured to:

~~defining~~ define an interior approximation of the first geometry;

~~expanding~~ expand the interior approximation by a second predetermined distance;

and

~~comparing~~ compute the expanded interior approximation with the second geometry to determine if the second geometry satisfies the first filter condition with respect to the first geometry, and

if the first filter condition is satisfied, providing the second geometry to a query result set,

otherwise, providing the first geometry and the second geometry to a second filter configured to perform processing on the first geometry and the second geometry.

3. (original) The method according to claim 2, wherein the first filter condition is satisfied if the second geometry is inside the expanded interior.

4. (currently amended) The method according to claim 2, further comprising:

the first filter further operable to:

compute ~~computing~~ an exact distance between the first geometry and the second geometry to determine if the second geometry satisfies the first filter condition with respect to the first geometry.

5. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the exterior approximation comprises a minimum bounding rectangle.

6. (currently amended) The method according to claim 5, further comprising:
the first filter further operable to:
~~computing~~ compute circle that circumscribes the minimum bounding rectangle;
and
~~comparing~~ compare the circle with the second geometry to determine if the second geometry satisfies the first filter condition with respect to the first geometry.

7. (original) The method according to claim 2, wherein defining the approximation of the first geometry comprises:
identifying a center of the first geometry;
identifying a minimum distance from the center to a boundary of the first geometry; and
defining a circle having the minimum distance as its radius and the center of the first geometry as its center;
wherein determining whether the second geometry satisfies a first filter condition with respect to the first geometry comprises comparing the circle with a second geometry.

8. (original) The method according to claim 7, wherein defining the approximation of the first geometry further comprises:

identifying a maximum span line of the first geometry;

identifying a minimum distance from a plurality of points along the maximum span line to a boundary of the first geometry; and

defining about each of the plurality of points a circle having the minimum distance as its radius;

wherein determining whether the second geometry satisfies a first filter condition with respect to the first geometry comprises comparing each circle with a second geometry.

9. (original) The method according to claim 7, wherein a circle is defined about eleven points equidistantly spaced along the maximum span line.

10. (original) The method according to claim 7, wherein a circle is defined about to points equidistantly spaced along the maximum span dimension.

11. (original) The method according to claim 2, wherein each circle is entirely contained within the first geometry.

12. (original) The method according to claim 7, wherein the first filter condition comprises the second geometry lies entirely within one of the circles.

13. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein defining the exterior approximation comprises:

defining a minimum bounding rectangle.

14. (original) The method according to claim 7, wherein the center is a centroid.

15. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the first geometry and the second geometry are described by geodetic data.

16. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the first geometry and the second geometry are described by non-geodetic data.

17. (original) The method according to claim 2, wherein the interior approximation comprises at least one tile.

18. (currently amended) A computer program product for performing a process of determining relationships among objects represented in a database, comprising:

a computer readable medium; and

computer program instructions, recorded on the computer readable medium, executable by a processor, for performing the steps of:

receiving a query; and

providing the query to a first filter configured to:

~~defining~~ define an exterior approximation of the first geometry and the second geometry;

~~computing~~ compute a distance between the exterior approximations; ~~and~~

~~comparing~~ compare the ~~computer~~ computed distance with a first predetermined distance to determine whether the second geometry satisfies a first filter condition with respect to the first geometry, and

if the first filter condition is satisfied, providing the second geometry to a query result set,

otherwise, providing the first geometry and the second geometry to a second filter configured to perform processing on the first geometry and the second geometry.

19. (currently amended) The computer program product according to claim 18 [[19]], wherein the computer program instructions are further for performing the steps of:

defining an interior approximation of the first geometry;

expanding the interior approximation by a second predetermined distance; and

comparing the expand interior approximation with the second geometry to determine if the second geometry satisfies the first filter condition with respect to the first geometry, and

if the first filter condition is satisfied, providing the second geometry to a query result set,

otherwise, providing the first geometry and the second geometry to a second filter

configured to perform processing on the first geometry and the second geometry.

20. (currently amended) A system for performing a process of determining relationships among objects represented in a database, comprising:

a processor operable to execute computer program instructions; and

a memory operable to store computer program instructions executable by the processor, for performing the steps of:

receiving a query; and

providing the query to a first filter configured to:

defining an exterior approximation of the first geometry and the second geometry;

computing a distance between the exterior approximations; and

comparing the ~~computer-computed~~ distance with a first predetermined distance to determine whether the second geometry satisfies a first filter condition with respect to the first geometry, and

if the first filter condition is satisfied, providing the second geometry to a query result set,

otherwise, providing the first geometry and the second geometry to a second filter configured to perform processing on the first geometry and the second geometry.

21. (currently amended) The system according to claim 20, wherein the computer program instructions are further for performing the steps of:

defining an interior approximation of the first geometry;

expanding the interior approximation by a second predetermined distance; and
comparing the expanded interior approximation with the second geometry to
determine if the second geometry satisfies the first filter condition with respect to the first
geometry, and

if the first filter condition is satisfied, providing the second geometry to a
query result set,

otherwise, providing the first geometry and the second geometry to a second filter
configured to perform processing on the first geometry and the second geometry.

22. (currently amended) A system for performing a process of determining
relationships among objects represented in a database, comprising:

a processor operable to execute computer program instructions; and
a memory operable to store computer program instructions executable by the
processor, for performing the steps of:

receiving a query; and

providing the query to a first filter configured to:

defining define an exterior approximation of the first geometry and the
second geometry;

computing compute a distance between the exterior approximations; and

comparing compare the computer computed distance with a first
predetermined distance to determine whether the second geometry satisfies a first filter
condition with respect to the first geometry, and

if the first filter condition is satisfied, providing the second geometry to a query result set,

otherwise, providing the first geometry and the second geometry to a second filter configured to perform processing on the first geometry and the second geometry.

23. (original) The system according to claim 22, wherein the computer program instructions are further for performing the steps of:

defining an interior approximation of the first geometry;

expanding the interior approximation by a second predetermined distance; and

comparing the expanded interior approximation with the second geometry to determine if the second geometry satisfies the first filter condition with respect to the first geometry.